

NEW WORK ITEM PROPOSAL			
Date of presentation 2011-03-2	Reference number (to be given by the Secretariat)		
Proposer JISC	ISO/TC 122 / SC	N 559	
Secretariat JISC/ISIRI			

A proposal for a new work item within the scope of an existing committee shall be submitted to the secretariat of that committee with a copy to the Central Secretariat and, in the case of a subcommittee, a copy to the secretariat of the parent technical committee. Proposals not within the scope of an existing committee shall be submitted to the secretariat of the ISO Technical Management Board.

The proposer of a new work item may be a member body of ISO, the secretariat itself, another technical committee or subcommittee, or organization in liaison, the Technical Management Board or one of the advisory groups, or the Secretary-General.

The proposal will be circulated to the P-members of the technical committee or subcommittee for voting, and to the O-members for information.

See overleaf for guidance on when to use this form.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Proposals without adequate justification risk rejection or referral to originator.

Guidelines for proposing and justifying a new work item are given overleaf.

Proposal (to be completed by the proposer)

Title of proposal (in the case of an amendment, revision or a new part of an existing document, show the reference number and current title)				
English title Application Guideline on Data Carriers for Supply Chain Management				
French title (if available) Directive d'application sur des supports d'informations pour le supply chain management				
Scope of proposed project				
The objective of this proposal is to facilitate the use of data carriers in supply chain operations by illustrating the layered structure of supply chain management (SCM) for freight containers, returnable transport items, transport units, product packages, and products, and at the same time define the structure of data storage and the structure of data transmitted from interrogator with respect to linear symbols, two-dimensional symbols and RFID.				
Concerns known patented items (see ISO/IEC Directives Part 1 for important guidance)				
Yes No If "Yes", provide full information as annex				
Envisaged publication type (indicate one of the following, if possible)				
☐ International Standard ☐ Technical Specification ☐ Publicly Available Specification ☐ Technical Report				
Purpose and justification (attach a separate page as annex, if necessary)				
In supply chain management, a variety of different types of linear symbols, two-dimensional symbols and RFID are used in a mixed form and so special care should be taken in using these symbols, particularly for RFID whose data structure is different from the other data carriers. This application guideline proposed here outlines the basic structure of the various levels in the supply chain in accordance with the related ISO standards. It also describes how to store the data in these data carriers of linear symbols, 2D symbols and RFID, plus shows the structure of data transmitted from the interrogator to the host computer. This is a guidance providing an effective means for a combined use of these data carriers.				
Target date for availability (date by which publication is considered to be necessary) 2013-04-01				
Proposed development track				

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Relevant documents to be considered				
ISO/IEC 15459-1, Information technology - Unique identifiers - Part 1: Unique				
identifiers for transport units				
ISO/IEC 15459-2, Information technology — Unique identifiers — Part 2: Registration procedures				
-	Unique identifiers - Part 3: Common rules			
for unique identifiers	•			
ISO/IEC 15459-4, Information technology - Unique identifiers - Part 4: Unique				
identifiers for supply chain management				
ISO/IEC 15459-5, Information technology - Unique identifiers - Part 5: Unique				
identifiers for returnable transport items (RTIs)				
ISO/IEC 15459-6, Information technology — Unique identifiers — Part 6: Unique identifiers for product groupings				
ISO 17363, Supply chain application of RF:	ID - Freight containers			
ISO 17364, Supply chain application of RFID — Returnable transport items (RTIs)				
ISO 17365, Supply chain application of RF:	_			
ISO 17366, Supply chain application of RF:	ID - Product packaging			
ISO 17367, Supply chain application of RFID — Product tagging				
ISO 15394, Packaging — Bar code and two-dimensional symbols for shipping transport				
and receiving labels				
ISO 22742, Packaging — Linear bar code and packaging	d two-dimensional symbols for product			
ISO 28219, Packaging - Labelling and direct	rt product marking with linear har code			
and two-dimensional symbols	or produce marking with linear bar code			
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Relationship of project to activities of other international b	odies			
The main purpose of ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31 is to develo	op general standards for the basic data structure,			
while ISO TC122 is dedicated to the establishment	of application standards of data carriers used in			
the supply chain industry.				
Liaison organizations	Need for coordination with:			
ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31	☐ IEC ☐ CEN ☐ Other (please specify)			
Preparatory work (at a minimum an outline should be included with the proposal)				
A draft is attached An outline is attached. It is possible to supply a draft by 2011–08–01				
The proposer or the proposer's organization is prepared to undertake the preparatory work required Yes No				
Proposed Project Leader (name and address)	Name and signature of the Proposer (include contact information)			
Akira Shibata	Japanese Industrial Standards			
Denso-wave incorporated	Committee (JISC)			
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Comr	Comments of the TC or SC Secretariat				
Supplementary information relating to the proposal					
\boxtimes	This proposal relates to a new ISO document;				
	This proposal relates to the amendment/revision of an existing ISO document;				
	This proposal relates to the adoption as an active project of an item currently registered as a Preliminary Work Item;				
	This proposal relates to the re-establishment of a cancelled project as an active project.				
Other:					
Voting information					
The ballot associated with this proposal comprises a vote on:					
\boxtimes	Adoption of the proposal as a new project				
	Adoption of the associated draft as a committee draft (CD)				
	Adoption of the associated draft for submission for the enquiry vote (DIS or equivalent)				
Other:					
Annex(es) are included with this proposal (give details)					
Date of	of circulation	Closing date for voting	Signature of the TC or SC Secretary		
2011-	-03-30	2011-06-30	Akira Shirakura		

Use this form to propose:

- a) a new ISO document (including a new part to an existing document), or the amendment/revision of an existing ISO document;
- b) the establishment as an active project of a preliminary work item, or the re-establishment of a cancelled project;
- c) the change in the type of an existing document, e.g. conversion of a Technical Specification into an International Standard.

This form is not intended for use to propose an action following a systematic review - use ISO Form 21 for that purpose.

Proposals for correction (i.e. proposals for a Technical Corrigendum) should be submitted in writing directly to the secretariat concerned.

Guidelines on the completion of a proposal for a new work item

(see also the ISO/IEC Directives Part 1)

- a) Title: Indicate the subject of the proposed new work item.
- b) Scope: Give a clear indication of the coverage of the proposed new work item. Indicate, for example, if this is a proposal for a new document, or a proposed change (amendment/revision). It is often helpful to indicate what is not covered (exclusions).
- c) Envisaged publication type: Details of the types of ISO deliverable available are given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and/or the associated ISO Supplement.
- d) Purpose and justification: Give details based on a critical study of the following elements wherever practicable. Wherever possible reference should be made to information contained in the related TC Business Plan.
- 1) The specific aims and reason for the standardization activity, with particular emphasis on the aspects of standardization to be covered, the problems it is expected to solve or the difficulties it is intended to overcome.
- 2) The main interests that might benefit from or be affected by the activity, such as industry, consumers, trade, governments, distributors.
- 3) Feasibility of the activity: Are there factors that could hinder the successful establishment or global application of the standard?
- 4) Timeliness of the standard to be produced: Is the technology reasonably stabilized? If not, how much time is likely to be available before advances in technology may render the proposed standard outdated? Is the proposed standard required as a basis for the future development of the technology in question?
- 5) Urgency of the activity, considering the needs of other fields or organizations. Indicate target date and, when a series of standards is proposed, suggest priorities.
- 6) The benefits to be gained by the implementation of the proposed standard; alternatively, the loss or disadvantage(s) if no standard is established within a reasonable time. Data such as product volume or value of trade should be included and quantified.
- 7) If the standardization activity is, or is likely to be, the subject of regulations or to require the harmonization of existing regulations, this should be indicated.

If a series of new work items is proposed having a common purpose and justification, a common proposal may be drafted including all elements to be clarified and enumerating the titles and scopes of each individual item.

- e) Relevant documents and their effects on global relevancy: List any known relevant documents (such as standards and regulations), regardless of their source. When the proposer considers that an existing well-established document may be acceptable as a standard (with or without amendment), indicate this with appropriate justification and attach a copy to the proposal.
- f) Cooperation and liaison: List relevant organizations or bodies with which cooperation and liaison should exist.

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